

PEORIA COUNTY JAIL DAILY COMMITMENT REPORT ARCHIVES Full Version

Understanding the Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives

Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives serve as a vital resource for residents, legal professionals, journalists, and researchers interested in the daily activities within the Peoria County detention system. These archives provide detailed records of individuals booked into the jail each day, offering transparency and insight into the criminal justice process in Peoria County, Illinois. Accessing and understanding these reports can help the public stay informed about local law enforcement activities, track criminal trends, and facilitate legal proceedings.

In this comprehensive guide, we will explore the significance of these archives, how to access them, what information they contain, and their importance for various stakeholders.

The Importance of Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Reports

Promoting Transparency and Accountability

The primary purpose of maintaining daily commitment reports is to promote transparency in law enforcement and correctional facilities. By providing public access to detailed records of bookings, the archives:

- Allow residents to stay informed about local criminal activity.
- Enable oversight of jail operations.
- Foster community trust by ensuring openness.

Supporting Legal and Administrative Processes

Legal professionals, such as attorneys and judges, rely heavily on these reports for:

- Preparing cases involving detained individuals.
- Verifying bond and release statuses.
- Tracking case progress and detention periods.

Administrators also use these archives for operational planning and resource allocation.

Facilitating Research and Data Analysis

Researchers and policy analysts utilize the data from these reports to:

- Study crime patterns and trends over time.
- Assess the effectiveness of law enforcement initiatives.
- Inform policy decisions to improve criminal justice systems.

What Do Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Reports Include?

Key Data Points in the Reports

The daily commitment report archives contain various details about each individual booked into the Peoria County Jail. Typical information includes:

- Inmate Identification: Name, age, gender, and booking number.
- Booking Details: Date and time of arrest, booking location.
- Charges: Specific offenses, charges filed, and related codes.
- Bond Information: Bond amount, type, and conditions.
- Custody Status: Release date, court dates, and detention duration.
- Additional Notes: Warrants, prior convictions, or special instructions.

This comprehensive data allows users to understand the circumstances surrounding each detention.

Frequency and Accessibility of Reports

- Daily Updates: These reports are typically generated every day and made publicly accessible through official county websites.
- Archived Records: Past reports are stored and can often be retrieved for research or legal purposes.
- Formats: Reports are usually available as PDFs, Excel spreadsheets, or online databases.

How to Access Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives

Official County Websites

Most often, the primary source for these reports is the official Peoria County government or sheriff's office website. Steps to access include:

- Visit the Peoria County Sheriff's Office website.
- Navigate to the Corrections or Jail Reports section.
- Look for links titled "Daily Commitment Reports," "Inmate Booking Records," or similar.
- Select the desired date or date range.
- Download or view the report in your preferred format.

Third-Party Data Portals

Some third-party websites compile and host jail booking data for multiple regions, including Peoria County. These sites may offer:

- Search functionalities by name, date, or charge.
- Historical data archives.
- User-friendly interfaces for quick access.

However, users should verify the accuracy and legitimacy of third-party sources before relying on their data.

Requesting Records Through Legal Channels

For detailed or official records not available online, individuals can:

- Submit a formal records request to the Peoria County Sheriff's Office.
- Contact the jail administration directly.
- Follow the county's procedures for public records access, which may include fees or identification requirements.

Using the Archives Effectively

Researching Crime Trends

Analyzing the archives over extended periods can reveal patterns such as:

- Peak times for arrests.

- Common charges and offenses.
- Changes in arrest rates over months or years.

This information can inform community safety initiatives and resource deployment.

Legal and Court Proceedings

Attorneys and court officials utilize commitment reports to:

- Confirm detention status of clients.
- Prepare for court appearances.
- Track case progression and bail conditions.

Community Awareness and Engagement

Residents and community groups can monitor local criminal activity to:

- Understand prevalent issues.
- Advocate for policy changes.
- Participate in community policing efforts.

Limitations and Considerations When Using the Archives

Data Accuracy and Timeliness

While efforts are made to keep reports current, delays or errors can occur. Users should:

- Cross-reference information with official sources.
- Be cautious when interpreting raw data.

Privacy and Ethical Use

Public records should be used responsibly, respecting individual privacy rights and avoiding misuse of information.

Legal Restrictions

Some data, especially involving juveniles or sensitive cases, may be restricted or redacted to protect

privacy.

Conclusion: The Value of Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives

The **Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives** are an essential component of the local criminal justice transparency framework. They serve multiple stakeholders—from law enforcement agencies and legal professionals to community members and researchers—by providing detailed, timely information about jail bookings and detainees. Accessing these archives empowers individuals to stay informed, supports effective legal processes, and aids in community safety initiatives.

Whether accessed via official county websites, third-party portals, or through formal records requests, understanding how to navigate and utilize these reports can significantly enhance knowledge about law enforcement activities in Peoria County. As the criminal justice landscape evolves, maintaining and improving access to such data remains crucial for fostering transparency, accountability, and community trust.

Remember: Always verify the authenticity of the data and adhere to privacy and legal guidelines when utilizing jail commitment records.

Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives: An In-Depth Look at Data Transparency and Public Access

Introduction

Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives serve as a crucial resource for transparency, public accountability, and community awareness regarding incarceration trends within Peoria County. These archives encompass daily records of individuals committed to the jail, providing detailed insights into the criminal justice process, policy impacts, and local crime dynamics. As jurisdictions increasingly prioritize openness, understanding the structure, accessibility, and implications of these archives becomes essential for journalists, researchers, policymakers, and concerned citizens alike.

Understanding the Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives

What Are These Archives?

The Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives are comprehensive records maintained by the county's detention facility or associated law enforcement agencies. They chronologically document the daily influx of individuals into the jail, capturing data points such as:

- Names and aliases (when available)
- Booking and release dates
- Charges and charges? classifications
- Bond amounts and types
- Demographic information (age, gender, race)
- Booking reasons and warrant details
- Court dates and case numbers

These records are typically published or archived online, often accessible through official county or jail websites, or via requests to the sheriff's office or detention center administration.

Purpose and Importance

The primary purpose of these archives is to promote transparency in the criminal justice system. They serve multiple functions:

- Public Awareness: Informing residents about local incarceration trends.
- Accountability: Holding institutions responsible for detention practices.
- Research and Analysis: Facilitating academic studies on crime, recidivism, or policy impacts.
- Legal and Advocacy Work: Assisting attorneys, NGOs, and advocacy groups seeking data for legal cases or reform initiatives.

Accessing and Navigating the Archives

How Are These Records Made Available?

In Peoria County, these records may be accessible through:

- Official County Websites: The sheriff's office or detention center website often hosts daily or weekly reports.
- Public Records Requests: Under the Illinois Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), individuals can request detailed records not publicly posted.
- Archived Databases: Some third-party platforms compile and maintain historical data archives, sometimes offering user-friendly search tools.

Navigating the Data

When accessing the archives, users should be aware of the typical data presentation:

- Chronological Listings: Organized by date, often with search filters for specific timeframes.
- Downloadable Files: CSV, PDF, or Excel spreadsheets for offline analysis.
- Search Functionality: Filters for names, charges, demographics, or case numbers.

Challenges in Access and Use

Despite efforts toward transparency, certain challenges persist:

- Data Completeness: Not all records may be available or complete, especially for older periods.
- Privacy Considerations: Some information may be redacted to protect privacy rights.
- Data Standardization: Variations in reporting formats over time can complicate longitudinal analyses.
- Technical Barriers: Users unfamiliar with data formats or lacking technical skills may find navigating archives difficult.

Analyzing Trends and Implications from the Archives

Incarceration Trends

By examining the daily commitment reports over months or years, observers can discern patterns such as:

- Fluctuations in inmate populations: Peaks during certain months or after specific policy changes.
- Common Charges: Identification of predominant crimes leading to incarceration.
- Demographic Shifts: Changes in age, gender, or racial composition of detainees.

These insights enable community stakeholders to understand underlying issues, such as crime hotspots or disparities in detention.

Impact of Policy Changes

Policy shifts?like bail reforms, drug sentencing laws, or mental health initiatives?often reflect in the commitment data:

- Bail Reform Effects: Reduction in pre-trial incarcerations.
- Drug Laws: Changes in drug-related charge frequencies.
- Mental Health Initiatives: Potential decreases in detention for certain mental health cases.

Analyzing pre- and post-policy data can inform future legislative decisions.

Challenges and Ethical Considerations

While data transparency is vital, ethical concerns must be acknowledged:

- Privacy Risks: Detailed records may inadvertently expose sensitive information.
- Data Misinterpretation: Without context, raw data may be misunderstood, leading to misinformation.
- Biases and Disparities: Data may reveal systemic disparities, requiring careful analysis to avoid stigmatization.

Effective use of these archives involves balancing transparency with privacy and ensuring responsible interpretation.

The Role of Technology in Enhancing Access

Digital Platforms and Data Visualization

Modern tools have transformed how the archives are accessed and understood:

- Online Portals: Interactive dashboards displaying real-time or historical data.
- Data Visualization: Charts, heat maps, and trend lines help convey complex information clearly.
- APIs (Application Programming Interfaces): Enable developers and researchers to integrate data into their own applications or analyses.

Future Innovations

Looking ahead, technological advancements may further improve archive accessibility:

- Automated Data Updating: Live feeds from jail systems.
- Natural Language Processing: Simplifying complex data reports into layman's summaries.
- Mobile Access: Dedicated apps for community members to stay informed.

Community and Policy Impacts

Community Engagement and Awareness

Accessible archives empower residents to:

- Advocate for reform or support for affected individuals.
- Participate in public discussions on criminal justice policies.
- Monitor local law enforcement activities.

Informing Policy and Reform

Lawmakers and officials can leverage these data archives to:

- Assess the effectiveness of current policies.
- Identify disparities requiring targeted interventions.
- Allocate resources more effectively based on incarceration patterns.

Accountability and Oversight

Regularly published commitment reports enable watchdog organizations and media outlets to scrutinize detention practices, advocate for fairness, and push for systemic improvements.

Conclusion

Peoria County Jail Daily Commitment Report Archives embody a critical component of modern criminal justice transparency. By providing detailed, accessible data on daily incarcerations, these archives serve as a bridge between law enforcement agencies, policymakers, researchers, and the public. While challenges remain in ensuring complete, accurate, and ethically managed data, ongoing technological innovations and a commitment to transparency promise a future where community members are better informed, engaged, and empowered to advocate for justice. As local and national conversations about incarceration reform continue to evolve, these archives will remain a vital tool for fostering openness, accountability, and informed decision-making in Peoria County and beyond.

Question What information is included in the Peoria County Jail daily commitment report archives? The archives typically include details such as inmate names, booking dates, charges, bond amounts, and release dates, providing a comprehensive record of daily jail commitments. **Answer** How can I access the Peoria County Jail daily commitment report archives online? You can access the archives through the official Peoria County Sheriff's Office website or designated public records portals that provide jail booking and commitment data. Are the Peoria County Jail commitment reports available to the public? Yes, the commitment reports are generally public records and are made available to ensure transparency and public access to jail booking information. How frequently

are the Peoria County Jail commitment archives updated? The archives are typically updated daily to reflect new bookings and releases, ensuring the most current data is available. Can I search for specific inmates within the Peoria County Jail commitment report archives? Yes, most online archives include search features allowing you to look up specific inmates by name, booking date, or other relevant criteria. What is the purpose of maintaining archives of Peoria County Jail daily commitments? The archives serve to promote transparency, assist in legal and administrative processes, and provide public access to jail booking records. Are historical Peoria County Jail commitment reports available in the archives? Yes, the archives typically include historical records, allowing users to access past commitment data over extended periods. Who can I contact for assistance with the Peoria County Jail daily commitment report archives? You can contact the Peoria County Sheriff's Office or the department responsible for public records requests for assistance with accessing or understanding the archives.

Related keywords: Peoria County jail, daily commitment report, jail records, inmate intake, detention center data, jail admissions, criminal justice reports, county jail statistics, inmate booking logs, jail archives

JAIL BASE

Jail Base

Jail Base: Understanding the Foundation of Secure Detention Facilities

jail base might sound like a simple term, but it carries significant weight in the context of

correctional facility design and security. When discussing jails, the concept of a jail base isn't just about the physical foundation on which the building stands; it encompasses the structural integrity, security mechanisms, and operational framework that ensure these facilities serve their purpose effectively. Whether you're someone interested in criminal justice, architecture, or simply curious about how jails function, grasping what a jail base entails can offer valuable insights.

What Is a Jail Base?

At its most fundamental level, the jail base refers to the physical groundwork and structural underpinnings that support a jail facility. This includes the literal foundation—the concrete slab or footings—designed to uphold the heavy weight of the building and withstand environmental challenges. But beyond this physical aspect, the term “jail base” can also metaphorically represent the core principles and systems upon which the jail operates, including security protocols, inmate management systems, and even the legal framework guiding incarceration.

The Physical Foundation

Constructing a jail requires careful planning and engineering. The base of any jail must be extraordinarily robust, given the need to prevent escapes and maintain long-term durability. This involves:

Reinforced Concrete Foundations: Most jails rely on thick, reinforced concrete

1. slabs to provide a solid base. This helps deter tunneling attempts and withstands heavy daily usage.

Subsurface Preparation: Before laying the foundation, engineers assess soil

2. stability and drainage to prevent future settling or water damage.

Seismic Considerations: In earthquake-prone areas, jail bases are engineered to

3.

absorb shocks and maintain structural integrity.

The Operational Jail Base

While the physical base is critical, a jail's operational base is equally important. This includes the systems and processes that keep the facility secure and functional:

Security Infrastructure: Surveillance cameras, controlled entry points, and secure

1.

cell designs form the backbone of inmate control.

Staff Training and Protocols: Well-trained correctional officers and standardized

2.

procedures ensure safety and order.

Inmate Management Systems: Digital databases track inmate information,

3.

movements, and schedules, forming a base of knowledge crucial for smooth operations.

Why the Jail Base Matters in Facility Security

The jail base is fundamental because it directly influences the security and effectiveness of the detention center. A compromised base, whether physical or operational, can lead to serious breaches.

Preventing Escapes Through Structural Strength

One of the most notorious ways inmates attempt to escape is by exploiting weaknesses in the jail's foundation. A well-constructed jail base with reinforced concrete and minimal hidden cavities makes tunneling or breaking through walls extremely difficult.

Furthermore, the base must support other security features such as steel bars, secure doors, and reinforced windows.

Supporting Surveillance and Monitoring

Modern jails integrate sophisticated surveillance technology into their base designs.

Cameras are often mounted with an understanding of the jail's physical layout, ensuring there are no blind spots. The jail base also facilitates wiring and power supply for these systems, making it a critical element in maintaining continuous monitoring.

Innovations in Jail Base Design

With advances in technology and increasing demands for humane conditions, the concept of a jail base is evolving.

Sustainable and Eco-Friendly Foundations

Some modern jails incorporate eco-friendly materials and designs at the base level. Using recycled concrete, installing green roofs, or integrating solar panels can reduce the environmental footprint of correctional facilities.

Smart Jail Bases

Emerging 'smart' jails use sensors embedded in the base to detect vibrations or unusual movements that might indicate escape attempts or disturbances. These smart bases connect to centralized control rooms, enhancing real-time responsiveness.

Modular Jail Bases

To accommodate fluctuating inmate populations and reduce construction time, modular jail bases are becoming popular. These involve prefabricated sections that can be assembled quickly on-site, offering flexibility and cost savings.

Considerations When Building or Renovating a Jail Base

For architects, engineers, and planners involved in corrections facility projects, certain factors are crucial when dealing with jail bases:

Durability: The base must withstand decades of use and potential abuse, including

1.
resistance to chemicals, moisture, and physical impacts.

Security Integration: The foundation should accommodate surveillance

2.
equipment, alarm systems, and secure fencing.

Compliance with Regulations: Jails must meet local, state, and federal building

3.
and safety codes, which often dictate aspects of the base design.

Cost-Benefit Analysis: While strong materials increase upfront costs, the long-

4.
term savings from reduced maintenance and security breaches often justify the investment.

Environmental Impact: Considerations for drainage, energy efficiency, and

5.

sustainable materials are increasingly important.

How the Jail Base Affects Inmate Welfare

The jail base doesn't just influence security; it also affects the daily lives of inmates. A stable, well-designed foundation ensures that cells are dry, free from structural cracks, and insulated against extreme temperatures. This contributes to healthier living conditions, which are essential in minimizing tension and promoting rehabilitation.

Noise Reduction and Comfort

The materials and construction methods used in the jail base can help reduce noise levels, which is critical in a confined environment. Lower noise levels lead to lower stress among inmates and staff alike.

Sanitation and Hygiene

Proper drainage and moisture control in the jail base prevent mold growth and water damage, which can cause health problems. A good base design supports clean and hygienic conditions that align with human rights standards.

The Future of Jail Bases: Balancing Security and Humanity

As society's approach to incarceration changes, so too must the infrastructure supporting it. The jail base will likely continue evolving to reflect new philosophies emphasizing rehabilitation alongside security.

The integration of technology, sustainable design, and human-centric architecture into jail bases points toward facilities that are not just prisons, but environments aimed at reducing recidivism and improving outcomes. In this light, the jail base becomes more than just a physical or operational foundation?it becomes a cornerstone of modern correctional philosophy.

Exploring the intricacies of jail bases reveals a fascinating intersection of engineering, security, and social responsibility. Whether it?s the concrete slab beneath a high-security prison or the systems that govern inmate movement, the jail base forms the critical groundwork for the entire facility?s success.

Question

Answer

What is a jail base in the context of cybersecurity?

In cybersecurity, a jail base refers to the foundational setup or environment of a 'jail'?a restricted, isolated environment used to run applications or processes securely, limiting their access to the rest of the system.

How does a jail base improve system security?

A jail base enhances system security by isolating processes and limiting their permissions, preventing them from

affecting other parts of the system or accessing sensitive data, thereby reducing the risk of malware spread or system compromise.

What are common tools used to create a jail base on Linux systems?

Common tools for creating jail bases on Linux include chroot, Docker containers, LXC (Linux Containers), and FreeBSD jails, which provide various levels of process isolation and resource control.

Can jail bases be used for application testing and development?

Yes, jail bases are often used in application testing and development to create controlled, reproducible environments that mimic production setups without risking the main system's stability or security.

What is the difference between a jail base and a virtual machine?

A jail base provides process-level isolation within the same operating system kernel, making it lightweight and efficient, whereas a virtual machine emulates an entire hardware system with its own OS kernel, offering stronger isolation but requiring more resources.

Jail Base: An In-Depth Examination of Its Role and Impact in Correctional Systems

jail base is a term that frequently emerges in discussions surrounding correctional

facilities, inmate management, and law enforcement infrastructure. At its core, a jail base refers to the foundational framework or central facility from which various jail operations are coordinated and managed. Understanding the intricacies of a jail base, its components, and its strategic importance offers valuable insights into the broader criminal justice system. This article delves into the concept of jail base, exploring its functionalities, operational significance, and relevance in contemporary penal practices.

Understanding the Concept of Jail Base

The term jail base, while seemingly straightforward, encompasses multiple dimensions within correctional administration. Primarily, it denotes the physical and organizational hub that supports the functioning of one or more jail facilities. This base serves as the nerve center for coordinating inmate processing, security protocols, resource allocation, and communication with external law enforcement agencies.

In many jurisdictions, the jail base is synonymous with the central jail or detention center,

where individuals awaiting trial or serving short-term sentences are held. However, the term can also refer to the administrative apparatus that underpins decentralized jail units, including data management systems, logistical support, and personnel deployment.

Key Features of a Jail Base

A well-established jail base typically includes several fundamental components:

Inmate Intake and Processing: Facilities dedicated to registering new detainees,

1. conducting health screenings, and documenting personal information.

Security and Surveillance Systems: Advanced monitoring solutions such as

2. CCTV networks, controlled access points, and perimeter defenses.

Administrative Offices: Areas where jail management staff coordinate daily

3. operations, legal procedures, and inter-agency communication.

Support Services: Medical care units, rehabilitation programs, and visitor

4. management centers.

Technological Infrastructure: Software platforms for inmate tracking, case

5. management, and resource scheduling.

These features collectively ensure that the jail base operates efficiently, maintaining order

while safeguarding the rights and welfare of inmates.

The Strategic Importance of Jail Base in Correctional Management

Jail bases play a pivotal role in streamlining correctional operations and enhancing security protocols. Their strategic importance can be assessed through several lenses:

Centralized Coordination

By serving as a centralized hub, the jail base enables seamless coordination among diverse departments such as security, health services, and administration. This centralization reduces communication delays, ensures consistent policy enforcement, and facilitates rapid response in emergencies.

Resource Optimization

With a fixed jail base, correctional authorities can optimize resource allocation more effectively. Centralized control over staffing, equipment, and facilities allows for dynamic adjustments based on inmate population fluctuations or emergent security threats.

Improved Data Management

Modern jail bases incorporate sophisticated data management systems that track inmate histories, legal statuses, and behavioral records. This data-driven approach aids in decision-making processes such as parole evaluations, risk assessments, and rehabilitation planning.

Comparative Analysis: Jail Base Versus Prison Facilities

Though often used interchangeably by laypersons, jail bases and prisons serve distinct purposes within the criminal justice system. Recognizing these differences is essential for understanding the role of jail bases.

Duration of Detention: Jail bases typically house individuals for short-term stays,

1.
such as pre-trial detention or sentences under one year. Prisons accommodate long-term incarceration.

Facility Design: Jail bases prioritize rapid intake and release processes, with

2.
infrastructure supporting high turnover. Prisons are designed for extended confinement and often include more extensive security measures.

Population Types: Jail bases often hold a diverse population, including those

3.
awaiting trial, sentencing, or transfer. Prisons generally house convicted offenders serving defined sentences.

Understanding these distinctions highlights the critical function of jail bases in managing transient inmate populations and supporting judicial workflows.

Technological Innovations Shaping Jail Base Operations

The evolution of technology has markedly influenced the operation and efficiency of jail bases. Key innovations include:

Biometric Identification: The use of fingerprinting and facial recognition

1.

enhances the accuracy of inmate identification during intake.

Electronic Monitoring Systems: Integration of wearable devices and remote

2.

surveillance allows for better tracking of inmate movements within the facility.

Automated Scheduling: Software tools streamline staff shift planning, visitor

3.

appointments, and court appearances.

Data Analytics: Predictive analytics assist in anticipating overcrowding risks and

4.

resource needs.

These technologies collectively contribute to safer, more transparent, and efficient jail base operations.

Challenges and Considerations in Jail Base Management

Despite their critical importance, jail bases face a myriad of challenges that affect their functionality and public perception.

Overcrowding and Capacity Issues

One of the most pressing problems is overcrowding, which strains resources and compromises inmate welfare. Jail bases must balance intake rates against capacity limits,

often necessitating collaboration with other detention facilities.

Security Risks

Maintaining security in a jail base requires constant vigilance. The transient nature of the inmate population increases the potential for conflicts, escapes, or contraband smuggling. Effective surveillance and staff training are essential to mitigate these risks.

Legal and Ethical Concerns

Operating a jail base involves navigating complex legal frameworks and upholding human rights standards. Issues such as access to legal counsel, adequate healthcare, and fair treatment remain central considerations.

Budgetary Constraints

Financial limitations frequently impact the ability of correctional authorities to maintain infrastructure, invest in technological upgrades, and recruit qualified personnel. Strategic budgeting and government support play a vital role in sustaining jail base operations.

Future Trends in Jail Base Development

Looking forward, several trends are poised to redefine the landscape of jail base management:

Decentralization and Regional Integration: Some jurisdictions are exploring

1. models that distribute jail base functions across multiple smaller facilities to reduce overcrowding.

Enhanced Rehabilitation Focus: Incorporating educational and vocational

2.

programs within the jail base structure aims to reduce recidivism rates.

Green and Sustainable Design: Environmental considerations are leading to the

3.

adoption of energy-efficient building materials and sustainable operational practices.

Increased Use of Artificial Intelligence: AI applications may soon assist in risk

4.

assessment, behavioral monitoring, and administrative decision-making within jail bases.

These developments suggest a shift toward more humane, efficient, and technologically advanced correctional facilities anchored by robust jail bases.

The concept of jail base encapsulates more than just a physical location; it represents the foundational core of correctional management. As law enforcement agencies continue to evolve their approaches to detention and inmate care, the role of the jail base remains central to achieving operational effectiveness and upholding justice.

prison facility, detention center, correctional institution, incarceration site, penal facility, jailhouse, lockup, penitentiary, holding cell, correctional facility

Read the full article online: [Jail Base](#)